Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Tetra-n-butylammonium hexafluorophosphate

Frauke Schödel, Hans-Wolfram Lerner and Michael Bolte*

Institut für Anorganische Chemie, J. W. Goethe-Universität Frankfurt, Marie-Curie-Straße 11, 60439 Frankfurt/Main, Germany

Correspondence e-mail: bolte@chemie.uni-frankfurt.de

Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 173 KMean $\sigma(\text{C-C}) = 0.005 \text{ Å}$ R factor = 0.057 wR factor = 0.159Data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6

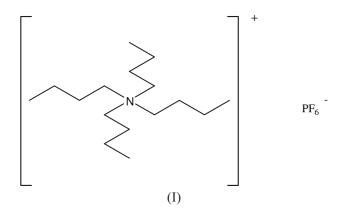
For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

The structure of the title compound, $C_{16}H_{36}N^+ \cdot PF_6^-$, has been reported previously by Angaridis, Cotton & Petrukhina [*Inorg. Chim. Acta* (2001), **324**, 318–323]. However, these authors found the PF_6^- ion to be heavily disordered and they did not publish any coordinates. We present here a redetermination of this structure, based on new intensity data and exhibiting no disorder.

Received 25 August 2004 Accepted 31 August 2004 Online 4 September 2004

Comment

A perspective view of the title compound, (I), is shown in Fig. 1. The structure is composed of discrete $[C_{16}H_{36}N]^+$ cations and PF_6^- anions. Bond lengths and angles can be regarded as normal (Cambridge Structural Database, Version 1.6 plus three updates; MOGUL Version 1.0; Allen, 2002). Just one C-C-C-C torsion angle deviates from an antiperiplanar conformation $[C41-C42-C43-C44=71.0~(4)^\circ]$; the other three angles are close to 180° . Since no coordinates from the previously published structure determination of this compound (Angaridis *et al.*, 2001) are available, no comparison between the two structure determinations can be made.



Experimental

X-ray quality crystals of (I) were obtained on recrystallization from CH_2Cl_2 at ambient temperature.

Crystal data

 $C_{16}H_{36}N^{+}\cdot PF_{6}^{-}$ $D_r = 1.344 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $M_r = 387.43$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Cell parameters from 7863 a = 9.4057 (19) Åreflections b = 13.593 (2) Å $\theta = 2.6-24.8^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.20 \ {\rm mm}^{-1}$ c = 14.982 (3) Å $\beta = 91.367 (16)^{\circ}$ T = 173 (2) K $V = 1914.9 (6) \text{ Å}^3$ Rod, colourless Z = 4 $0.29 \times 0.14 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

DOI: 10.1107/S1600536804021300

© 2004 International Union of Crystallography Printed in Great Britain – all rights reserved

Data collection

Stoe IPDS-II two-circle	1764 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
diffractometer	$R_{\rm int} = 0.081$
ω scans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 25.0^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: none	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
13397 measured reflections	$k = -16 \rightarrow 16$
3379 independent reflections	$l = -17 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	H-atom parameters constrained
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0896P)^{2}]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.159$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
S = 0.91	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
3379 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.50 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$
217 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.49 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$

H atoms were refined with fixed individual displacement parameters $[U_{\rm iso}({\rm H})=1.2U_{\rm eq}({\rm C}) \ {\rm or} \ 1.5U_{\rm eq}({\rm C}_{\rm methyl})]$, using a riding model, with C-H = 0.99 and 0.98 Å for methyleme and methyl H atoms, respectively.

Data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2001); cell refinement: *X-AREA*; data reduction: *X-AREA*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS*97 (Sheldrick, 1990); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL*97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL-Plus* (Sheldrick, 1991); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL*97 and *PLATON* (Spek, 2003).

References

Allen, F. H. (2002). Acta Cryst. B58, 380–388.
Angaridis, P., Cotton, F. A. & Petrukhina, M. A. (2001). Inorg. Chim. Acta, 324, 318–323.

Sheldrick, G. M. (1990). *Acta Cryst.* A**46**, 467–473. Sheldrick, G. M. (1991). *SHELXTL-Plus*. Release 4.1. Siemens Analytical X-ray Instruments Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

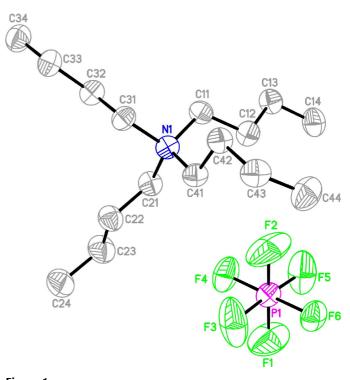


Figure 1
Perspective view of the title compound, with the atom numbering; displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). SHELXL97. University of Göttingen, Germany. Spek, A. L. (2003). J. Appl. Cryst. 36, 7–13. Stoe & Cie (2001). X-AREA. Stoe & Cie GmbH, Darmstadt, Germany.